

Timeline

To assist in computing the proper time and in meeting appellate court deadlines:

Filed in Superior court

Judgment or Appealable Order

Notice of Appeal, filing fee (\$655 payable to the Court of Appeal) and clerk's deposit (\$100 payable to the trial court) due when counting from date the judgment/order file stamped or notice of entry served:

If notice of entry served: 60 calendar days after service or mailing

If no notice of entry served: 180 calendar days after judgment entered

May be extended 30 days by denial of a timely motion to vacate, motion for new trial, motion for judgment notwithstanding the verdict, or motion for reconsideration

After the filing of the Notice of Appeal:

Designation of reporter's transcript & deposit money: 10 calendar days

Designation of clerk's transcript OR election to proceed under Rule 5.1:
10 calendar days

Respondent's designation of additional items: 10 days after appellant's designation

Motion to contest Rule 5.1 election: 10 calendar days after election filed

Filed in the Court of Appeal

Civil Case Information Statement (formerly Docketing Statement): 10 calendar days after the clerk mails you a notice that the form must be filed.

After getting notice that record is filed with the Court of Appeal:

Appellant's Opening Brief: 30 calendar days OR 70 days after the filing of a rule 5.1 election, if the appeal proceeds without a reporter's transcript.

Respondent's Brief: 30 calendar days after Appellant's Opening Brief is filed.

Appellant's Reply Brief: 20 calendar days after Respondent's Brief is filed.

Petition for Rehearing: 15 calendar days after the filing of the opinion, the order of publication or the modification of opinion if it changes the judgment.

Answer to Petition for Rehearing: 8 calendar days after the filing of the Petition for Rehearing.